# The Hillsborough Recorder

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## A CHAPTER ON COMETS.

To the writer of the following recollections of the great comet of 1843 the little comet of 1874 is indeed an insignificant interloper. On St. Patrick's Day, 1843, this witness left Washington, as a young journalist, on a venture to New York. Stopping with a friend for the night in Baltimore, he was introduced in the evening at her house to an intelligent and interesting lady, who, as the first topic of conversation, introduced the great comet, which was then flaming in the western sky, with a tail which to the naked eye seemed to sweep across nearly one-fifth of the firmament, and, in the absence of the moon, completely eclipsing everything in the heavens. The lady introduced the celestial stranger with the inquiry,

"Let me ask you, sir, what is your opinion of this wonderful and, to me, this alarming comet? Do you think, as the Second Advent people contend, that it can be sent as a warning of the coming of the day of judgment?"

The writer, without pausing to think of the possible consequences, answered, in substance: "It may be so. The prophet Miller bases his theory of the Second Advent upon the prophecies of Daniel, which you know culminate in the day of judgment. Those prophecies have been taken up by the prophet Miller, and in applying a fixed time to the fulfilment of each he finds that they have been fulfilled except the coming of the day of judgment, which in the order of these great events, he finds must be in this very year, 1843. And this comet is held by these believers in the prophet Miller, or Second Advent people, as a warning in the sky of the impending judgment. They say that the wisest astronomers have failed to give any notice of the approach of the comet; that it comes as much a surprise to them as to the most ignorant people, and that, therefore, it is something out of the regular order of things in the heavens. Such is the reasoning of these Second Advent people, and there may be something in it. Who can tell?"

The narrator was next detained at Philadelphia on the night of the 18th of March in a heavy snow storm, and was part of the next day on the railway train in working through the snowdrifts of New Jersey. At night, on the steamboat from Amboy, the comet shone out in splendid relief, the sky being exceedingly clear under a roaring March nor'wester. Down below there was a gathering of Milerites, some thirty, more or less, singing, praying and exhorting in preparation for the fast approaching day of judgment. One of their preachers said that among the signs on the earth was this late wonderful snow storm in the middle of March, while the awful sign in the heavens becoming more glorious from night to night was this great comet, threatening to set the world on fire. They could now see it for themselves in all its sublime majesty, and by twos and threes they all came on deck to see it, some of them praying audibly and thanking God for this glorious manifestation of His coming, and all of them returning to their hymns and prayers in the forward cabin below.

To the best of the writer's recollection, it was in April that he met the Milerites again at a camp meeting of the society on Long Island, some three weeks after prayer meeting on the steamboat. At this camp meeting the comet was constantly referred to as the infallible sign of the second coming of the Son of Man, and of the rising of the saints in their ascension robes (of ten cent muslin) to welcome Him. Most of the brethren and sisters, if not all in camp, had their ascension robes in readiness. So that they were white, they said, the quality or the nature of the fabric made no difference. Cheap cotton, however, was the prevailing article.

A week or two later the writer was saddened by the information that the interesting and intelligent lady who had asked for his opinion on the comet at Baltimore, had been reading up the prophecies of Daniel and the interpretations of Miller, and, becoming fully convinced that the judgment day was near at hand, had prepared her ascension robe and was awaiting the trumpet of Gabriel to rise with the saints to the kingdom of heaven.

But the great comet of 1843 quietly came away, and was not followed by any greater terrestial disturbance, even in 1844, than the election of James K. Polk over the great Henry Clay for President of the United States. But such a comet as that at this day would be the universal sensation of the civilized world. To the the naked eye the nucleus of that comet in March was larger than Jupiter, though not so bright, and his tail, like the stationary trail of a great meteor, seemed to stretch across a fifth or a sixth of the firmament, and, with a graceful curve and with a gently increasing width to the extremity, which made it exceedingly beautiful.

But even this great comet of 1843 was a meteorological trifle compared with the sublime storm of meteors of November 13, 1833, of which the writer, then a boy, had the good fortune to be an observer. He was roused from his sleep at two o'clock in the morning, and from that hour till daylight the writer, on the roof of an outbuilding, sat watching the falling stars. They did not fall at the rate of five or six thousand in an hour, nor five or six hundred in a minute, but by the thousands of millions within range of the eye every second, over all the sky during the time of our watching. Imagine a heavy, steady, northeast rainstorm changed into a storm of fire and you have it, excepting the occasional erratic and larger meteors playfully shooting through the descending mass. The meteors a mile or so away appeared to descend to the ground or near it before they were extinguished, while overhead they went out apparently hundreds of feet from the earth. Toward daylight the alarm among the citizens became general, the church bells called the people to prayer, and the streets in the breaking dawn were thronged with people obeying the awful summons.

To him who vividly remembers that storm of meteors of 1833, or even the great comet of 1843, this little stranger of 1874 is, indeed, but a trifle among the wonders of the skies.

## STRAY THOUGHTS.

We are all hunters in the field of life. Some of us bring down our game; but most of us end in a wild goose chase.

Were it not for the clouds that darken us, there would be no rainbow in our lives.

When you read, read the best books; it costs no more; and what you get will correct and help to build it up. A good book is like a voice from nature or from God. Do not confound this voice with the utterance of falsehood.

A child is often the hyphen connecting ungodly husband and wife, so common about you.

It is not in placing the words that the effect of the good writer consists; It is in the thoughts bringing its own word, that leaps to it like the particle to the magnet.

We are sinning when we think we are.

Perhaps the greatest good next to doing good to your neighbor, is to benefit your enemy. But some people heap coals of fire on their enemy's head to scorch him, thus making use of a Christian precept to do evil.

Idleness is the great slough into which the vices of the world drift and settle, to rise again in miasma.

It should not discourage us if our kindness is unacknowledged; it has its influence still.

We govern our passions; but in general we let the passions first have a trial.

## CURING CLOVER HAY.

A farmer contributes to the *German town Telegraph* the following process for curing clover hay: The most common way is to salt plentifully when putting away, but as sometimes stock get too much salt in that way, I prefer two other ways. The first is to lime, when barn-room is not plenty, after this manner. Put down the hay over the mow loosely about 18 inches in depth, and scatter over air-slacked lime, say about one half peck to each 10 feet square of surface. Tramp down while laying; then another 18 inches, and so until completed.

Clover put up this way requires as much sunshine as possible, and as little breaking of the leaves; but it can be put away quite as green as by salting. In feeding out I never find any lime and very little dust.

Where barn room is plenty I prefer the following plan: Cut the clover in the morning and afternoon, lay it loosely over the scaffolds and floors two feet or more thick, but never pack any. If not hurried fork it over two or three days and mow away. I can put up in my barn about an acre a day. It is a slow way in this fast age, but when one sees the hay in February and March he must acknowledge it a good way.

My way of feeding clover hay is principally to milch cows; and we can always have good yellow butter when the cows are fed once a day on clover hay. I also feed occasionally to calves and sheep, more for change of feed than being any better for them than other hay. I believe in changing feed as often as possible during long cold times in our changeable winters. I use clover for soiling milch cows as much as possible, finding it increases the milk and keeps the cow quiet while being milked. Never feed clover hay to horses.

Some of our farmers are using clover as a fertiliser on worn or thin lands. I have no experience in that way but by observation on other farms. Have seen some good crops of wheat which were attributed to plowing in clover. For pasturing hogs I think clover better than any of the grasses.

KEEPING FISH.—In Russia, while the weather is cold, they clean all kinds of fish, as for use, then place them on an inch of fine white sand in a tub, and fill the latter with pure water. The water freezes solidly about the fish, and the whole block of ice is then turned out of the tub, stored away, and will keep the fish perfectly fresh and pure until it is melted. Professor Blot suggests that game and fish might be kept thus in the ice houses of any country all summer.

A lady had several hundred dollars worth of point lace clipped off her clothing by an adroit thief while she was at church singing "Symbols of the robe of pride, clothe me in humility."

## AN OLD AND WARLIKE SOUTH CAROLINA FAMILY.

Among the few splendid mansions spared by the army of Sherman still stands the old Hampton House, built by the head of the family, a soldier of the Revolutionary war and of the war of 1812. He was the first Wade Hampton of South Carolina. Springing originally from the cavaliers of England, who filled the world with their fame, and whose descendants still walk the earth as the highest type of gentlemen, his immediate ancestors settled in Virginia, and from thence he came to South Carolina, and to Columbia.

The mansion and its grounds occupy one square, or four acres of the city. The house is of the old style architecture. I have seen hundreds of others in the South presenting a much finer appearance. But the chief attraction of the place is its shrubbery, its rare trees and exotics. It looks like an earthly paradise.

He was twice married. By his first wife a son was born to him whom he called Wade. Two or three daughters were the result of the second marriage. John S. Preston married his daughter Carolina and ex Governor Manning his daughter Susan. He accumulated a vast estate around him, and is said to have owned 1,000 slaves. I have often, when a boy, heard old people say that he owned so many that he did not know them when he met them, and that they were constantly introducing themselves to him. But be this as it may, when he died he left all or nearly all of his property to his son.

When the successor to the house and to the estate read the will he did what few men ever did before or since. He tore it in a hundred pieces and then made an extract and equal division of all his father's property between himself and half sisters. As soon as the war of 1812 broke out this Wade Hampton offered his sword to General Jackson and was assigned a position on his staff. He was one of his aids at the battle of New Orleans. Like his father, he was thrifty, and added greatly to the estate, making purchases of large tracts of land in the valley of the Mississippi, which even yet remain in the family, I believe. His stepmother lived to a green old age, and did not die until some time just before or during the late war between the States. The third Wade Hampton is the one living to-day, who so distinguished himself during the Confederate war. He has been twice married and is now a widower. His first wife was a Miss Preston. By this marriage three sons were born—Wade, Christopher and Frank. His son Wade served on the staff of General Joseph E. Johnston. Preston was on the staff of his father and was killed by his side. His second wife was a daughter of Senator McDuffie.—Columbus (S. C.) correspondence Louisville Courier-Journal.

## SILENCE.

Keep thou the door of my lips.—Bible.

Silence never yet betrayed any one.—Rivarol.

Speech is of time. Silence is of eternity.—Carlyle.

We speak little, if not egged on by vanity.—Rochefoucauld.

None preaches better than the ant, and she says nothing.—Franklin.

If thou desire to be held wise, be so wise as to hold thy tongue.—Quarles.

Not every one who has the gift to speech understands the value of silence.—Lavater.

Learn to hold thy tongue. Five words cost Zacharias forty weeks' silence.—Fuller.

Talking and eloquence are not the same thing; to speak and to speak well are two things.—Ben Jonson.

Those who have few affairs to attend to are great speakers. The less men think the more they talk.—Montesquieu.

A person that would secure to himself great deference will, perhaps, gain his point by silence as effectually as by anything he can speak.—Shenstone.

Talkers and futile persons are commonly vain and credulous withal; for he that talketh what he knoweth will also talk what he knoweth not.—Bacon.

Brisk talkers are usually slow thinkers. There is, indeed, no wild beast more to be dreaded than a communicative man having nothing to communicate.—Swift.

There are many who talk on from ignorance rather than from knowledge, and who find the former an inexhaustible fund of conversation.—Hazlitt.

The talkative listen to no one, for they are ever speaking. And the first evil that attends those who know now how to keep silent is that they hear nothing.—Plutarch.

The man who talks everlastingly and promiscuously, who seems to have an exhaustless magazine of sound, crowds so many words into his thoughts that he always obscures and frequently conceals them.—*Washington Irving.*

Mankind has been learning six thousand years, and yet how few have learned that their fellowmen are as good as themselves.

## A CALIFORNIAN WONDER.

The tract of country known as the Slate Range Valley is probably one of the most curious that southern California can boast of. If is there the immense deposits of borax were discovered something like a year ago, and at that time the whole lower of central part of the basin was covered with a white deposit, breaking away in some places in large soda reefs, in others resembling the waves of the ocean, and in still others stretching out for miles in one unbroken level, from which the sun reflected its rays with a glare almost unendurable. But one of the most singular features in connection with this section was the absence of rain or moisture; the days were ever sunny and hot, the nights without dew and generally warm. For more than five years, it is said, by those who claim to know, there had been no rain there, until some three months since the spell was broken. Suddenly, and with scarcely any warning, rain commenced to fall, and for thirty hours came down steadily and unceasingly, unaccompanied by wind, but yet a thorough drenching rain. For two or three days it remained pleasant, when suddenly a water-spout was seen winding its way through the valley. It came in a zigzag course across the upper end of the lake, stricking the range of hills on the east side, and coursing rapidly along them. The canyons and gorges were soon filled with water, which poured from them in fearful volume, and spread itself out upon the bottom. In a short time it was over, and denizens of the place now look for another dry season of five years.

## STICK TO YOUR FARMS.

The Farmer's Visdicator says: The feeling that you are settled and fixed will induce you to go to work to improve your farms, to plant orchards, to set out shade trees, to enclose pastures, to build comfortable out houses, and each successive improvement is a bond to bind you still closer to your homes. This will bring contentment in the family, your wives and daughters will fall in love with the country, your sons will love home more than the grog shop, and prefer farming to measuring tape or professional loafing and you will be happy in seeing the contented and cheerful faces of your families.

Make your home beautiful, convenient and pleasant, and your children will love it above all other places; they will leave it with regret, think of it with fondness, come back to it joyfully, and seek their chief happiness around their home fireside.

Women and children need more than meat, bread and raiment; more than acres of corn and cotton spread out all around them. Their love of the beautiful must be satisfied Their tastes must be cultivated. Their sensibilities humored, not shocked To accomplish this good end, home must be made lovely, conveniences multiplied, comforts provided and cheerfulness fostered.

There must be both sunshine and shade, luscious fruits and fragrant flowers, as well as corn and cotton. The mind and heart as well as the fields must be cultivated; and then intelligence and contentment will be the rule instead of exception. Stick to, improve and beautify your homesteads; for with this good work comes contentment.

## WITHOUT AN ENEMY.

Heaven help the man who imagines he can dodge enemies by trying to please everybody! If such an individual ever succeeded we should be glad of it—not that one should be going through the world trying to find beams to knock and thump his head against, disputing every man's opinion, fighting and elbowing, and crowding all who differ with him. That, again, is another extreme. Other people have their opinions—so have you, and don't fall into the error of supposing they will respect you more for turning your coat every day, to match the color of theirs. Wear your own colors, in spite of winds and weather, storm and sunshine. It costs the vacillating and irresolute ten times the trouble to wind and shuffle and twist than it does honest, manly independence to stand its ground.

## HOME.

We assert, as a rule, the whole tone of a home depends upon the woman at the head of it—the average home; not the poverty stricken home, nor the wealthy home. In this average home, whether the parlor shall be used and enjoyed; whether the table shall be invitingly spread, whether bright lights and bright fires shall give warmth and cheer on winter nights; whether, in brief, the home shall be an agreeable or disagreeable place, is usually what the woman determines. Men are powerless in the matter. Some find solace for a dismal home in study; some occupation in business some submit with what patience they can, others are attracted by the cheer of the public house; and it is especially young men who are apt in consequence to drift away into bad company and bad habits. Our whole argument refers to individuals among men who succumb to bad influences not the sex but a class.

## THE KING'S MISTAKE.

A number of politicians, all of whom were seeking office under the government, were seated under a tavern porch, when an old viper named Joel D——, a person who was very loquacious when sober, and exactly opposite when sober, said that he would tell them a story. They told him to 'fire away,' whereupon he spoke as follows:

'A certain King—I don't recollect his name—had a philosopher upon whose judgment he always depended. Now it happened one day that the king took it into his head to go hunting, and summoned his nobles, and making the necessary preparations, he summoned the philosopher and asked him if it would rain. The philosopher told him it would not, and they started. While journeying along, they met a countrymen on a jackass.

He advised them to return, 'for,' said he, 'it will certainly rain.' They smiled contemptuously upon him and they passed on. Before they had gone many miles however, they had reason to regret not taking the rustic's advice, as a shower coming up drenched them to the skin. When they had returned to the palace, the King reprimanded the philosopher severely.

'I met a countryman,' said he, 'and he knows a great deal more than you. He told me it would rain, whereas you told me it would not.' The king then gave him his walking papers, and sent for the countryman, who soon made his appearance.

'Tell me,' said the king, 'how you knew it would rain.'

'I didn't know,' said the rustic, 'my jackass told me so.'

'And how, pray, did he tell you?' asked the King.

'By pricking up his ears, your Majesty,' said the rustic.

The King sent the rustic away, and procuring the jackass of him he placed him (the jackass) in the office the philosopher filled.

'And here,' observed Joel, looking very wise, 'is where the King made a great mistake.'

'How so?' inquired the auditors.

'Why, ever since that time,' said Joel, with a grin on his phiz, 'every jackass wants office.'

## TOO OFTEN TRUE.

Some men take too much money out of their business to expend in household expenses and lavish display, and speedily bring themselves to the verge of bankruptcy. One old gentleman, who had commenced life as a poor boy, had, by mastering the difficult steps to final success, gained considerable wealth as a merchant. When he arrived at old age he retired to private life to live in ease and comfort on his income, leaving a prosperous business in the hands of his son.

In three years the young man was bankrupt. He had failed in business, and was compelled to take a position as clerk in a stranger's store.

His father was asked why it was that, in a business in which he had succeeded so well, his son had failed.

He gave this characteristic answer: 'When I first commenced business my wife and I lived on porridge. As my business increased we had better food, and when I could afford it we had chicken. Hat, you see, Johnnie commenced with the chicken first.'

## WHAT IT WILL DO.

The *Sanitarian* tells what alcohol will do, thus: "It may seem strange, but it is nevertheless true, that alcohol, regularly applied to a thrifty farmer's stomach, will remove the boards from the fence; let cattle into his crops; kill fruit trees, mortgage his farm, and sow his fields with wild oats and thistles. It will take the paint off his building, break the glass out of the windows and fill them with rags. It will take the gloss from his clothes and polish from his manners, subdue his reason, arouse his passions, bring sorrow and disgrace upon his family, and consign him, unwept, unhonored and unsung, to a drunkard's grave. It will do this to the farmer and the capitalist, the mariner and the maiden, as well as to the farmer; for in its deadly enmity to the human race alcohol is no respecter of persons."

## AN OLD MAN'S STORY.

'I took the pledge,' said an old man, at the foot of the gallows, where I saw a young man hung. The sheriff took out his watch, and said 'If you have anything to say, speak now, for you have only five minutes to live.' The young man burst into tears, and said: 'I have got to die. I had only one little brother, who had beautiful blue eyes and flaxen hair and I loved him. But one day I got drunk, and coming home, I found him gathering berries in the garden, and I became angry without a cause, and killed him by one blow with a rake. Whiskey has done it—it has ruined me! I have but one word say—never, never, never, touch anything that can intoxicate.'

Two deacons, once disputing about a proposed new grave yard, one remarked: 'I'll never be buried in that ground as long as I live.' 'What an obstinate man,' said the other. 'If my life is spared, so will I.'

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# Hillsborough Recorder.

WEDNESDAY.....SEPT. 2. 1874.


## A CONVENTION.

Some of the press have occupied themselves in classifying such journals in the State as have pronounced in favor of, or against the proposition of calling a Convention of the people to amend the Constitution. We should regret to see the subject invested with anything of acrimony, or approached in any way that would array the people into parties. It is a subject in which all have a momentous interest, and upon which there have been and will be serious differences of opinion.

It is to subserve and demonstrate the gravity of these interests and to reconcile those differences, that discussion now is proper. Previous efforts in the same direction aroused so much of apprehension, that it is presumed as a thing of course the same conditions might attend a new endeavor. We think they should not exist now, and that opposition would be without foundation, and unwise and fatal to the best interests of the people.

It is evident to the commonest apprehension and to the most limited experience, that the Constitution of 1868 is altogether unsuited to the habits of thought and manner of life of our people. It was substituted for one which had existed with no changes affecting materially the interests of the citizen, the modes of life or the forms of law for eighty years; that one, adapting itself most naturally and admirably to the customs of the country, and the legal system already venerable through the usages of many previous years of approved experience. The one of '68 struck down at a blow the venerable fabric, passed over with contempt the distinctive wants and wishes of our people, and forced upon them a system altogether foreign in its applications.

It has been submitted to with impatience. Its provisions have worked inharmoniously and incongruously. It has assumed unwisely and unwarrantably the part of legislation in some of its features, and it has checked or forbid wise and necessary legislation in others. And so intolerable have been some of its imperfections, that from the moment the people of the State began to feel themselves again masters of their own actions, the subject of amendments was agitated.

The first effort at amendment through a Convention of the people failed, partly through some differences of opinion as to the powers to call a Convention, but more particularly through a system of fear and repression. The dread of a threatened collision with the general government, monstrous and insolent as was the threat, had more to do with defeating the call than any anything else.

The Legislative mode of amendment was then tried as the next alternative. A portion only of the amendments proposed were submitted to the people for ratification. They were ratified by large and most decisive majorities, and were supposed to have become parts of the Constitution. But no sooner does a case arise involving the tenure of place and power by one of the creatures of the Constitution of 1868, than we find the Supreme Court, another of its creatures, ready to pronounce, if it has not already decided to do so, that the amendments adopted by the people *are not a part of the Constitution.*

The whole laborious and costly work is thus nugatory and worthless. As the Wilmington Journal says "the debt obligation will still be in force; the census must be taken next year at a cost to the State of at least $250,000; Pool will still be President of the University; there must still be biennial sessions of the Legislature, and Silas Burns will still be Superintendent of Public Works," which last was an office done away with by the amendments. These and other grievances which ought to be done away with—the unnecessary and costly number of Supreme Court judges, the unfortunate and discreditable system of election of Judges by the people, the township system, the abolition of the County Courts and other grievances fixed by the Constitution; and the existence of others, the remedies for which are prevented by the same instrument, such as want of power to compel the payment of a poll tax as a pre-requisite for voting, the want of power to exempt from taxation for a period of years, manufacturing capital, by which rust wealth is excluded from the State—these and other things must continue until removed by the people themselves in Convention assembled.

Have the people a right to do so? Why not? This very Constitution of 1868, insolent as it is in so much, does not dare interpose its prohibitions. Section 1 of Article XIII says: "No Convention of the people shall be called by the General Assembly unless by the concurrence of two thirds of all the members of each House of the General Assembly."

This is the only pre-requisite, and is filled in the composition of both Houses of the next General Assembly. Why should any doubt exist on the part of a single Conservative in that body, and why should not the republicans equally join in a work which the people of both parties have pronounced indispensable to the well being of the State?

But supposing it to devolve upon the former party alone, it is a duty it cannot well evade. Its victory is fruitless unless it avails itself of the opportunity put in its hands. It is not a mere question of strengthening party lines. It is a solemn obligation resting upon the Conservative party to do something substantial for the permanent good of the people, who will not be satisfied with empty declamations or vague generalities. They care little for the fate of individual politicians. They care little whose personal fortunes may rise or fall in the progress of this measure. The Conservative party has promised reforms and relief through its rise to power. It has obtained power and it must act, or pass away in merited reproach as false to its promises, or reckless of its obligations.

It has been objected that the question was not urged during the campaign. That is true. But one main subject was considered, and the battle was fought and won on the question whether the white race should rule or not. Now the Constitution of '68 was framed with especial reference to the interests of the inferior race. Those of the whites were made subordinate and subservient to the other. The election has decided in favor of the supremacy of the one. Now let a Convention be called, which, while infringing upon no right and weakening none of the newly acquired privileges of the negro, will frame such a Constitution as will secure the whites in a power they alone have proved themselves capable to wield, which will return to the State its old customs so rudely overthrown, which will relieve the people of burdens and inconveniences too grievous to be borne, which will remove obstructions which now stand in the path to prosperity, and which at the same time will be in full harmony with the changed condition of things, and which will retain whatever in the Constitution of '68 that is approved of wisdom and experience.

## A FIRE IN WILMINGTON.

A fire broke out in Wilmington on the morning on the 28th in the Naval Store sheds of Mr. F. W. Kerchner, on the wharf between Nunn and Ann Streets, spreading rapidly through the combustible matter before it, and consuming the wharves and sheds with all their contents. The former were occupied principally by Kerchner & Calder Brothers, Jas. Anderson & Co. and Covington, Everett & Co. and were owned by these parties, Mrs P. C. Calder and T. J. Lord. The Marine rail-way of Cassidey brothers was endangered and somewhat injured.

7000 bbls. common rosin, 1000 bbls. of fine rosin, and 3000 bbls spirits turpentine were destroyed. The loss is about $75,000. Kerchner, & Calder Bros. lost $20,000 which is covered by insurance. We regret to learn that T. J. Lord was not insured.

We gather the above from the Star.

## THE JUBILEE AT WILMINGTON.

The Star of Friday is full of the grand demonstration of the previous night, in which the Conservatives of the city celebrated their double victory in the District. Banners, transparencies, music, speeches, all lent their splendor to a triumph, which with the exception of that of Wake, was without a parallel in the State in the face of odds so great, and opposition so stubborn. Well may that victory send a thrill through the country, and wake a responsive burst of sympathy in the breast of every true Conservative, of every lover of liberty, good order, and good government in the land.

## GOV. VANCE.

We will publish next week, the interesting report of the interview between Gov. Vance and a reporter of the Herald, in which the former gives his views, strong and characteristic as usual, upon the race issue, the third time &c.

We find in the Charlotte Observer of the 29th a correction by Gov. Vance of a remark ascribed to him—that he would be a candidate for Democratic Governor within the next two years. This is like Vance, sensible and prudent, and is a rebuke to those who are in such a hurry to shape the action of the party on that subject. There is time enough for these considerations.

## HON. V. C. BARRINGER.

The Charlotte Observer says that this gentleman left on the 28th inst., for Egypt where he goes to take part as one of the Judges of the new system of International Courts inaugurated by the Khedive between this and other foreign governments for the protection of foreigners in that country.

## GUILTY CONSCIENCES.

"'Tis conscience that makes cowards of us all." Moses and Patterson, the titled thieves of South Carolina were terribly frightened a night or two since at a supposed raid of a party from Georgia, to seize them. It was only an innocent party of rather hilarious fox hunters, which the terror of the guilty couple magnified into a force of Ku Klux. They called upon the post commander for aid and protection, and Carpenter, a candidate for Congress hurried off to Washington to report to the President.

From quite as trivial cause, the people of the South have often been charged with violence, and the heart of the North kept fired with the flames of hate and hostility.

## CONVENTION OF SOUTHERN LIFE INSURANCE AGENTS

A meeting of Life Insurance Agents of the Southern States was held at the Bath Alum Springs on the 12th August, at which eighteen of the most prominent companies were represented.

The companies present formed themselves into a permanent organization to be known as the "Life Underwriters' Association of the Southern States."

The committee on permanent organization recommended the following gentlemen as officers:

For President.—Gen. D. H Maury.

For Vice Presidents.—O. P. Hay, (of Hillsboro, N. C.) Col. W. J. McGill, J. F. Milliard of Memphis, J. W. Lawford and Gen. J. B. Hood of New Orleans.

For Secretary.—Wm. Goodnow.

For Treasurer.—Wm. McCue.

For Actuary.—Prof. E. B. Smith.

Much interesting discussion on subjects connected with the interests of life insurance took place, and much important business interesting to those connected with Life Insurance was transacted, but we have no room for further notice.

A PROBABLE JUDICIAL CONTEST.—The Governor has received the certificate of the election of Louis Hilliard as Judge of the Second Judicial District, and will at once issue his commission of office. Judge Wm. A. Moore, who succeeded "Jaybird" Jones in 1870, having been appointed by the Governor, contends that he is entitled to hold his office during the unexpired term of his predecessor, or until the election in 1878, and declares his intention of holding on to his office until he shall be deprived thereof by the Supreme Court of the State. The first Court in the district will convene in Tyrrell county on the first Monday in September, and there will be presented the unusual spectacle of two Judges, each possessing a commission from the Government of the State, endeavoring to hold the Court. Who shall the officers of the county obey? Judge Moore asserts that he will open the Court at 10 a. m.; and will hold the said Court; if the officers refuse to obey him, he will at once have them arrested for contempt of Court. What course Judge Hilliard intends pursuing we are not apprised.

Here is a nice little Republican quarrel, and one out of which is likely to grow considerable discussion, as points of law are involved that will prove of much interest.—*News.*

## THE ALABAMA RACE TROUBLE.

Montgomery, August 25.

Reliable information concerning the Choctaw trouble between the whites and blacks is to the effect that the whites were informed the negroes were going to sack and burn the town. Two hundred and fifty whites organized and got ready, but the negroes did not come to time. Some of the leaders were then arrested and jailed, when it was found that negroes had come among them from Mobile and New Orleans, and told them that President Grant had sent authority to organize companies and seize growing crops.

One of the ringleaders was arrested at a camp-meeting in Wilcox county by officers, assisted by the negroes present at the meeting, and jailed.

It is believed that organized effort is being made to foment discord and strife among the races for political effect. The Choctaw Corner negroes say they had no grievance to complain of; they acted only on what they supposed to be General Grant's authority.

Official reports from forty-six counties show that the County Treasurers received during the school year ending June 30th, 1874, $262,758 25, and paid out $155,282 31 for public schools, and that 1,427 public schools for white children, and 691 for colored children were taught, in which 52,414 white and 28,497 colored children were instructed. There are forty-seven counties in the State which have not yet reported. It is probable that the entire school fund in the hands of County Treasurers in the State during the year was something over five hundred thousand dollars, and that about three hundred thousand dollars were paid out for public schools and that nearly four thousand public schools have been taught in the State for terms varying from two to four, and in some instances ten months of the year, in which about one hundred and fifty thousand children were instructed.

A STARTLING CONFESSION.—Dying confession are likely to be true, and, therefore, the confession of James H. Reed, the Texas robber, will be generally believed. This man was shot in Lamar county on the 6th instant, by a deputy sheriff named Morris, and before his death he had time to tell the story of his crimes. "I cannot believe that one so brave as Reed was," says Mr. Moerie", would speak anything but the truth when he was positive that he had only a few minutes to live." Reed confessed himself the leader of the Iowa train robbery, the Ste. Genevieve and Gadshill robberies, and declared to the last that McCoy, the James and the Younger brothers had no part in those crimes. This information was sent to Missouri and is likely to change public opinion in regard to these men. They are fortunate that Reed lived long enough to reveal their innocence to the officer who was forced to kill him. —*N. Y. Herald.*


DANVILLE, Va., Aug. 25th: Reported by S. H. Holland & Co., Receipts full, market active and last week's prices well sustained.

| | |
|---|---|
| Lugs, Very common | 5.00 to 7.50 |
| " Good " | 8.00 to 10.00 |
| " common bright, | 12.00 to 20.00 |
| "fancy Smokers, | 20.00 to 30.00 |
| Leaf, common red | 10.00 to 12 00 |
| " good | 12.00 to 15.00 |
| Wrappers, Medium | 30.00 to 40.00 |
| " Fine, | 40.00 to 50.00 |
| " " Extra | 70.00 to 120.00 |

THE COOL WEATHER AND DRIED FRUIT

HAVE induced us to buy a 60 PIECES NEW FALL CALICOES. Which we opened this morning, *Monday August 17th.* The Patterns are entirely NEW. Also a new line of *DRESS GOODS.* MOUSSELINE AND ALPACAS, Too New Fall. Calicoes are Beauties; Best Brands at 10 cents FOR CASH OR *Dried Fruit,* WE MUST HAVE DRIED FRUIT FOR GOODS OR MONEY.

C. M. Parks, BRICK STORE.

aug. 18 tf.

D. S. WAITT, DEALER IN Ready Made Clothing FOR *MEN, YOUTHS AND BOYS.* Boots, Shoes, Hats and Caps. The latest Styles and as low as they can be bought in the city. DOMESTIC and Fancy DRY GOODS, Cheap FOR Cash. LADIES' Trimmed HATS AND RIBBONS. Pretty and remarkably CHEAP. Manhattan White Dress Shirts. Acknowledged by all to be the best fitting and most comfortable wearing shirt made. ALSO A FULL LINE OF Notions, Trunks, Valises, Umbrellas, Traveling Bags &c. &c.

I HAVE a large STOCK and in a few days will have a complete FALL AND WINTER STOCK, give me a call and if selling Goods for a SMALL PROFIT is what you want I am convinced I can suit you.

D. S. WAITT, 54 Fayetteville St. sept. 2 3m. Raleigh, N. C.

FOR SALE.

I OFFER for SALE the DESIRABLE FARM on which I now reside, containing 450 ACRES. Good Land, well watered, and now under cultivation. The dwelling is a TWO STORY BUILDING, containing NINE rooms. The location is good, being near Metaceville. Application can be made to S. W. HUGHES, Cedar Grove, N. C. or to Mrs. A. E. HUGHES, Metaceville, N. C. aug. 19 6w.

FARMERS WAREHOUSE. DURHAM, N. C.

*We will have on Thursday, Sept. 10th, a special Sale of PINE TOBACCOS.*

REQUEST that you bring in your tobacco for that day. You may expect GOOD PRICES. Buyers from Danville, Richmond and other places will be present. A great deal of Tobacco will be expected, and ample arrangements made for all. Come in so as to unload Wednesday evening if possible.

E. J. PARRISH, Prop't. Farmer's Warehouse. Aug. 26th 2t. Durham, N. C.

NATIONAL HOTEL, COR. MAIN AND CHURCH STS., NORFOLK, VA. HOLT & BRO., Prop's.

*Board, per day,* $2,50.

STAR Warehouse, Danville, Va.

IN conjunction with "Paces Warehouse caused the Reduction of Warehouse charges, adopted by the TOBACCO Association March 4th 1874, THIS IS THE ONLY BRICK WAREHOUSE In Danville. Slate Roof, with 30 solid Sky-Lights, COMPLETE IN EVERY RESPECT.

*Pure Spring Water in the Lot and convenient to cook rooms.*

Your trade solicited and satisfaction guaranteed.

W. J. FOWLKES, W. J. FOWLKES & CO. R. G. PACE, Proprietors. C. P. LANGHORNE, Auctioneer. J. MAC SMITH. JAMES R. PIERCE, Floor Manager. March 18.

PACE'S WAREHOUSE

DON'T FORGET, THAT THE "OLD RELIABLE" Pace's Warehouse, WITH the assistance of Star Warehouse, CAUSED THE REDUCTION Of Warehouse charges, adopted by the *Danville* Tobacco Association March 4th 1874. PACE'S SALES for 1873 were the LARGEST of any in Danville, and *Our average price higher than any Competitor.*

We have enlarged our Wagon-Yard one-half acre. Business promptly and accurately transacted.

ED. M. PACE, PACE BROS. & CO. RO. G. PACE, Proprietors. J. MAC. SMITH. JAMES R. PIERCE, Floor Manager. March 18 '74. 3m.

OLD DOMINION PRICE Forty Dollars.

CIDER AND WINE MILL.

THIS is the best PORTABLE CIDER MILL ever offered in this market. The peculiarity of the grinding rollers is such that the apple is thoroughly crushed, and a larger quantity of cider can be obtained from the same amount of apples than by the use of any other *PORTABLE MILL.* TO THE AGRICULTURAL TRADE throughout the South we would say, that if you want a MILL, which, under any and all circumstances, will give your customs a entire satisfaction in all respects—rapidity of work, ease of motion, and thorough extraction of all the juice of the apple—buy the OLD DOMINION. We have also in store a large stock of Farm and Freight Wagons, Lever and Chain Hay Presses, Baling Wire, Manilla Rope, Hay and Grain Scales, and Agricultural Implements of every kind and endless variety. Large illustrated catalogues sent to any address giving description and price of our manufactures.

H. M. SMITH, & CO. Manufacturers, P. O. Box. 8. Richmond, Va. aug.26 12.

W. J. BAKER, J. B. NEAL, W. D. SHEPARD. Baker, Neal & Shepard, COTTON FACTORS AND *General Commission Merchants,* NORFOLK, VA. Agents for PATAPSCO GUANO. Aug. 26.

NOW IS THE TIME, To buy a Snug Little FARM of 87 acres, within one mile of Hillsboro. Cheap. Land productive. Building and fencing new. Terms liberal. Apply to Aug. 26 1m. R. M. JONES, Agent.

Horner & Graves' School. HILLSBORO, N. C. A Classical, Mathematical, Scientific, AND MILITARY ACADEMY.

THE Fall session begins the 2nd Monday in July.

TERMS:

Board and Tuition, including fuel, washing, lights, and furnished room, $100 per session of TWENTY WEEKS.

INSTRUCTORS.

J. D. HORNER, A. M. R. H. GRAVES, A. M. HUGH MORSON, Jr. Inf. of Va. Maj. D. H HAMILTON. A. W. VENABLE Jr., Poughkeepsie Com. College.

Circulars sent on application. June 16th 1874. tf.

STEAM Carding Machine.

NEAR CEDAR GROVE, N. C.

THE subscriber notifies the public that his Machine is now in FIRST RATE ORDER, And he invites the patronage of all those interested in the business. All rolags promptly and faithfully executed.

Terms: White Wool Carded at 10 cents per lb. Mixed, 15 cents; Flannel carded 20 cents per lb. If wool is bulked, one lb in each will be taken.

Thankful for past patronage, a continuance of the same is respectfully solicited.

ALEX. WILKERSON. July 8th 3m.

SELECT Boarding and Day School, HILLSBORO, N. C.

THE Fall Session of this School will begin on the 2nd Monday in July, 1874, with the exception of those wishing to enter on Friday 24th. Circulars can be had on application. June 1 6m.

T. J. WILSON, M. D. Physician and Surgeon.

OFFICE and Residence, opposite the Methodist Church. Where he can always be found except when professionally absent.

June 24 tf.

AGENTS wanted in every town and county. Business legitimate. Particulars free. Address, J. Worth & Co., St. Louis, Mo.

# Hillsborough Recorder.

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 2, 1874.

LEGAL DEPARTMENT.

Terms of the Recorder for 1874.

For 1 year, $2.00.
" 6 months, 1.00.

Payments always in advance.

Job printing done neatly cheaply and promptly.

See first and fourth pages for advertisements.


See new Ad. of H. N. Brown in this issue. His old position in this paper is always reserved, but his sales are frequently changed. Read it, call, purchase and be satisfied.

See Ad. of D. S. Weid, Raleigh. We call attention to this new and enterprising house, and commend it to the patronage of our readers.

In Nicholas.

Those persons desirous to be found with a useful variety of illustrations and attractiveness of contents. Let parents and others take our word for it when we tell them they lose much by withholding from their children so much of tasteful, pleasant and instructive reading, and so much that will go to cultivate and refine a taste for art.

THE ALDINE for September has come to hand. The illustrations for this number of this unrivalled art journal are fully up to those of the preceding issues. Among them we notice Bertrand's "Little Rose," "A citizen in Utah," "Coming from the Forge," "A Bad Job," "The Women of Ackermdorf," &c; all of which are exquisite engravings.

We observe that the publishers of The Aldine take occasion to correct the rumors about to the effect that the company is suffering from embarrassment. The enterprise, they assert, is to-day more prosperous than ever before, and is sustained by ample paid up capital, an addition of $30,000 having been made this last month. We are glad to learn of this evidence of prosperity.

Published at 58 Maiden Lane, New York; price $5 a year.

FARRAR'S WAREHOUSE.
DANVILLE.

This fine house is availing itself of the present activity in the tobacco Market to illustrate its high claims to confidence and patronage. On Thursday the 27th of August the Firm sold 25000 pounds Leaf Tobacco for $20,061.37, making the SPLENDID AVERAGE of $10.07 PER HUNDRED POUNDS, and surpassing both in quantity sold and general average the celebrated premium sale at the same Warehouse on the 22nd of July last which attracted so much attention. And this last Sale exceeded in amount any warehouse sale ever made in Danville in any one day.

Our Tobacco planters will take notice of the above.

Thanks.

We are indebted to our friends of the Crescent, Sentinel and News of Raleigh, Tobacco Plant of Durham, Patriot of Greensboro and Journal of Wilmington, and Register of Danville, Va, for their exceedingly flattering and gratifying notices of ourself, brought out by our presumed application for the Clerkship of the House. Modesty forbids the reproduction of any of them in our paper, but we assure our friends that their kind mention is fully appreciated and as gratifying as unexpected. It is a pleasing reward to us for our unflinching, zealous and willing service.

Pamptron's Mill.

A post office has been established at this point. It is in Orange County, on the road from Durham to Chapel Hill, and equi-distant—about 6 miles—from each place. Persons writing to that place, should insert the name of the county in the address, as there are other offices in the State with the same name.

A Nuisance abated.

The parties engaged in the discreditable practice of stoning horses at night were at length detected, not through the efforts of the town officials, and brought before Mayor Murdock on Thursday last. He inflicted a fine upon a number of young men who are old enough to do better, and dismissed them with a reprimand. His indignation was perhaps wise, but a repetition of the offence will bring the parties before a tribunal where less consideration will be shown.

To Correspondents.

Notice of Respect will appear next week. It is received too late for this issue.

Premium List.

We have received from Mr Fulghum the Secretary, the Premium list for the approaching Fair of which we will present an abstract next week.

Acknowledgement.

Our acknowledgements are due to the President and Secretary of the State Agricultural Society for a complimentary ticket to the October Exposition.

Cane Brake on Cane Mill.

We learn that R. H. Guthrie, Esq., has been appointed to succeed John White, dec'd, and will enter on the full discharge of his duties as soon as he gives the necessary bond, which we learn is fixed at $1,000. Capt. Guthrie is a money order officer.

ATTENTION!!

HOOKER'S DRUG STORE.

HAVING moved into my NEW STORE, I am now prepared to fill all

Prescriptions

for Medicine.

ON HAND

A full supply of Ayer's, Jane's Sewill's and other Proprietary Articles.

Many Elixirs, Tonics and Alteratives, Syrups for Coughs and Colds, Liniments, &c. &c.

PAINTS, DRY AND IN OIL,

And different colors ready for use.

SLATE PAINT,

For Roofs, a sure protection against FIRE, and makes old shingles last as long as new ones and stops all LEAKS.

DYE STUFF, OILS, & VARNISHES.

A few accounts of two years standing and upwards, which I would be glad to receive these CASH TIMES.

SIX QUALITIES OF TEA

Warranted as represented, at N. Y. price.

INSURANCE.

I am Agent for the V.S. LIFE Insurance Co. Terms Liberal.

All who may be in want of any of the above articles are invited to give me a call.

O. HOOKER.

April 1 tf. Hillsboro, N. C.

FRESH SPRING GOODS.

M, S. VALENTINE & CO,

No. 1213 MAIN STREET,

RICHMOND, VA.

ARE now in receipt of their Second Spring Supply of

Fancy Goods, Notions, Hosiery &c.

Prices guaranteed. A call and order is solicited. april 22 3m.

BUY YOUR DRY GOODS FROM

PETER SMITH,

The Leader of Low Prices,

IMPORTER, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

DRY GOODS.

No. 156 Main Street,

march 11 12m. NORFOLK, Va.

THE BEST SHOES FOR

FARMERS.

IN Orange County for the PRICE are for SALE by

JESSE W. COLE.

Now Hope you'll call and look at his Stock of General Merchandize.

All of which will be sold

LOW FOR CASH

Or Cotton, Wheat, Beeswax Dry Hides, Rags, Eggs, and Dried Fruit, &c. &c.

Aug. 19

Wanted,

CASH, PEACH SEED

AND

PRODUCE at

FARMERS' HALL.

RECEIVING full line of FALL GOODS.

Prints 8 cts. per yard Bright Peeled Peaches 20 cts. a lb.

HENRY N. BROWN.

sept. 2 1874.

HICKEY & SUBLETT,

DANVILLE, Va.,

ARE selling great bargains in

HARDWARE, CUTLERY,

IRON, NAILS, Grain Cradles, Hoes;

Rope, Belting, Glass Sash, Blinds, Doors, &c., &c.,

NAILS 4.50 for 10 pennies, Tire IRON 4½ cents,

Hubs, Spokes, Rims, and Wheels.

AT LOW PRICES. Send us your Orders.

HICKEY & SUBLETT,

June 17th '74. DANVILLE, VA.

THE NORTH CAROLINA MANUAL.

PUBLISHED by authority and under the auspices of the General Assembly, will now soon be issued under the direction of the secretary of State; the material for which has been collected and prepared by John H. Wheeler, Esq.

It presents in condensed form the dates and events of the State, from the earliest period of its history to the present day, and the names of those whether in the Executive, Judicial or Legislative Departments, who have done the state some service; with valuable Statistical and Chronological tables connected with the State and Federal Government, which will be found useful as a hand book of reference to all public men, and men of business.

The price of the book is $2.00, bound in cloth. When sent by mail postage to be added.

Agents are wanted in every county of the State to sell this book.

Editors copying this advertisement and sending a copy of the paper to me, will have a copy of the book sent to them.

Address, ALFRED WILLIAMS, Bookseller, Raleigh, N C

aug 19.

THE LAST REDUCTION OF THE SEASON.

No further changes in prices will be made; so delay not, but make your purchases at once:

Japanese Poplins at 12½, 15, 18¾, 20, 25, and 30—all just about half their value;

Black-ground Colored-Striped Grenadines at 10c per yard worth 20c;

Black, Grefuel Grenadines with colored silk stripes at 12½c per yard, would be cheap at 25c;

Side-load Grass-cloth Suitings, at 20c per yard worth 50c;

Striped Chinese Grass-cloth at 15c worth 30c per yard;

Lenos at 12½c per yard worth 25c;

Striped Silk at 25, 40c. and $1 per yard—all bargains;

Black Silks from 87½c to $2.50 per yard;

Linen Batiste for Dresses at 25c, worth 35c. per yard;

Black Grenadines from 30c. to $1.25 per yard.

Colored Iron Grenadines, all wool, at 50c. worth 75c per yard;

Lancaster and Pacific Printed Cambrics at 12½ cents per yard;

The best Printed Percales at 20c. per yard;

Fast-colored Lawns at 12½c per yard;

The late style Side Band Lawns and Colicoes;

Pillow case Cotton, 42 inches wide, at 15c. per yard;

Pillow-case Cotton, 40 inches wide, at 12½c worth 20c;

Full-Width Unbleached Sheeting at 8c. per yard worth 10c;

Full-Width Bleached Sheeting at 25c. per yard, worth 40c;

Full-Width Bleached Linen Sheeting at 85c. per yard, worth $1;

Pillow-case Linen, 1¼ yards wide, at 50c. worth 75c. per yard,

English Checked Shirting at 20c. per yard, worth 30c;

Domestic Ginghams at 10c. 12½c. 15c. and 16⅔c per yard;

Bed Tick from 10 to 25c. per yard;

Linen Drilling and Duck from 16⅔c. to 50c per yard;

Ladies' Ready-Made Suits from $5 to $25;

Ready-Made Chemises, Night Gowns, Dressing Sacques, Corset Covers, and Aprons, at astonishingly low prices;

Infants' Embroidered Robes from $3 to $10;

Huckaback Towels from $1.50 to $12 per dozen;

Towelling from 10c to 25c. per yard;

Table-Cloths and Table Damask in all qualities at prices to suit all;

All Wool Table Covers at $1 worth $1 50;

Piano Covers in great variety—all of popular prices;

Linen Doylies at 40c. 60c 75c and $1, $1.25, and $1.50.

Autograph Fans at 10c. worth 25c;

Lace Shawls, Lace Sacques, and Shetland Shawls in great variety;

A full assortment of MOURNING GOODS;

Matting in all widths and qualities;

Oil-cloths, Rugs, Mats, and Window Shades;

Violet Lavender and Cologne Water. Also Handkerchief Extracts & Soaps in great variety;

Sewing Machine Needles at 40. and 50c. for a paper of ten needles;

The best Sewing Machine Oil at 15c. per bottle;

Clark's and Coat's Spool-cotton at 70c. per doz. or 6c. per spool;

Sewing Machine Attachments, $1 per box;

Tuck's Improved Ruffers, $2, regular price $3;

Goodrich Tuck Markers, $2, regular price $3.50;

Cotton Yarns, all Nos. from 4 to 12, at $1.40 per bundle of five pounds;

Unbleached Knitting Cotton, three, four and five stands at 50c per pound;

Pique Trimmings at 35 and 50c apiece worth double that money;

Cotton Trimming Laces at 15, 25, 30, 40 and 50c for a piece of 12 yards worth 5 to 10c. per yard;

Printed Frilled Collars and cuffs at 25c. for the set worth 50c;

Ladies' Linen Collars at 3 per dozen worth $5;

Initial Note Paper, at 15, 20 and 25c per box, worth 25, 30 and 40c;

Laces and Embroideries, in great variety, at low prices;

Every description of

Corsets, Muslins, Linens, Notions, Brilliantes, and Lonp Cloths,

at very low prices;

3,000 SHIRT BOSOMS, slightly stained, at 25c.; worth 50c;

Ruffles, Ruffs, Collars, Sleeves and Cuffs in great variety;

Dress Trimmings of every description;

Jet Breast Pins, Ear Rings, Bracelets, Necklaces, Sleeve and Collar Buttons,

And thousands of other articles all to be sold at exceedingly low prices for cash only.

Particular attention paid to orders. Goods sent by express C. O. D., or upon receipt of cash or its equivalent. As ours is strictly a one price institution, those who favor us with their patronage may rely upon getting their goods at the lowest prices.

LEVY BROTHERS,

1017 and 1019 Main street,

July 23 RICHMOND, VA.

Alfred Williams,

No. 40 Fayetteville Street,

RALEIGH, N. C.

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

School Books, Stationery,

BLANK BOOKS,

FANCY ARTICLES,

SUNDAY SCHOOL BOOKS

A good assortment, &c. &c. &c.

Keeps a full stock of everything in the line at the

LOWEST CASH PRICES.

Special terms to Merchants and School Teachers.

June 17 3m.

Assizes Court.

We attended the Court at Graham on Tuesday and Wednesday of last week, not in time to enjoy what would have been one of the highest gratifications ever known to us—the inauguration of the new Judge of this District, the Hon. John Kerr, into his judicial duties. Judge Kerr was present punctually on Monday morning, the first marked step to a return to the customs of the old fathers of the law, and at ten o'clock punctually, the court was opened, and the charge to the Grand Jury after the due organization of that body, was impressively made.

There is a general concurrence of opinion that the charge was one of unusual force and eloquence. A brief recital of the duties falling under the cognizance of the Jury was followed by the most solemn appeal to that body upon the obligations of the oath taken by it. They were called upon most forcibly to remember that oaths for the performance of official duties were not mere "words of form," without obligatory force or moral weight because they were the necessary concomitants of office. The taking of the oath was a solemn religious observance, involving the violator in all the penalties of a damning perjury, and holding him to the same accountability of his Maker as if to Him the broken vow had been made.

There is but one opinion of Judge Kerr. All, both friends and opponents agree that he fully sustains the high expectations formed of him. His manner was clear, ready and decided, but courteous in the extreme. His legal knowledge was fully tested in at least two intricate cases demanding a familiarity with recondite lore, not often at the command of the practitioner. Judge Kerr was never for a moment at a loss, and delighted his friends, with the readiness of his learning, and the clearness of his opinion.

Without drawing invidious comparisons with the past, it is enough to say, that the bar and the people were delighted with a change which restored to them one of their own, trained in the old school of law, sympathetic in habits and feeling, bringing back to the bench that happy mixture of learning, of dignity and urbanity, which in former times drew to that august tribunal the respect and reverence of the populace.

Mr. F. N. Strudwick assumed his functions as Solicitor, which he executed with consummate ability. He evinced a familiarity with both law and practice which surprised them who had not known him as well as those friends who urged his claims to the nomination. He was in every case clear and well informed, and his statement of cases, arguments thereon, and his acute examination of witnesses places him at once in equal rank with those who have preceded him, and give promise of superior distinction.

The criminal docket was neither very large, nor very important. On the Civil docket, the only cases of importance that came before the court during our presence were that of Blackwell against Wright, for illegal use of a trade mark. The case was tried on a demurrer. The demurrer was overruled, and an appeal taken to the Supreme Court. On application of the plaintiff's counsel, a restraining order was issued against the defendant Wright, forbidding him to use or causing to be used, the trade mark of the plaintiff, or anything substantially the same.

Another Case, Holt v.s. Deshong, was decided in favor of Plaintiff. We are promised some notes on this case, which involved some very nice questions of law.

Cotton Factories in Alamance.

Two more factories are going up in this county—both on Haw River. One is on the site of the mill of the late Chief Justice Ruffin, and is owned by a company in which R. Y. McAden G. W. Swepson, Jas. S. Boyd and others are partners. The other is near the Big Falls factory of W. J. & A. Murray, and is being built by Capt. Jos. Vincent. Both of them are intended to produce both yarns and cloth.

The factory of the Messrs. Murray, burnt last Spring, will soon be in operation again, the work of re-building being rapidly pushed on.

There will thus soon be eight cotton factories in operation in this county. But there is room, and there is reason, for twice as many more.

Fruit in Alamance.

The Court yard at Graham abounded in the pomological wealth for which Alamance is so conspicuous. Dr. Foust had wagon loads of pears, of several varieties, some fine apples, and excellent melons. Mr. Peter Foust brought in water melons which rivalled those of Gaston county. He brought in during the week melons weighing 50, 48, and 46 pounds.

This county is not only famous for good fruits, but for the laudable emulation which prevails among the farmers to raise the best, and put out none but the best varieties of trees. We wish more of the Orange farmers would follow the example.

Assault.

A half crazy white man named Willam Clark was arrested on the premises of Mr. C. W. Johnson on Thursday charged with a violent and dangerous assault upon a colored man with an axe. The assailant was not long since adjudged by a commission to be a fit subject for the Insane Asylum, but was unwisely, or perhaps peccesarily, permitted to go at large. The wounded man is not dangerously hurt.

Mills L. Eure is elected over Hampton Pool Judge Albertson, by a majority of 2,500.

THE FAIR.

Our farmers and others cannot be too soon impressed with the fact that the Fair is not far off, that it is very rapidly approaching, and that there can be no delay in their preparations. What they have to do, they must do quickly.

As it is the only important Fair to be held in the State except the one at Weldon, it ought from every consideration of State pride and interest to be a perfect one. All effort and all contributions being centered on one, this Fair ought to be the best ever held, and there is every incentive to make it so.

We are very glad to notice the very liberal encouragement given to cattle, sheep &c, the premiums being much higher than ever before offered. Racing, and trotting while being made sufficiently prominent, are not so conspicuous as to overshadow every other interest.

The officers of the Fair are actively and constantly at work, and will not be wanting in any particular.

In this connection we may be permitted to speak, perhaps somewhat in advance, of the Presidency of the Agricultural Association. The Annual election is to be had, and a President and other officers chosen. *We hope there will be no change in the Presidency.* Every consideration of justice and propriety call for the unhesitating, unanimous re-election of Col. Thos. M. Holt. He took post in the Association when it was at its lowest point of depression—its credit crippled, its energies slumbered, its reputation sullied, its attractiveness utterly faded. Col. Holt lent himself to the work with characteristic energy. He infused his own spirit into the affair, he roused enthusiasm, his example stimulated the energies of others, above all, he sustained its tottering credit, he lent his own name, he advanced his own means, and through his zeal and intelligence, brought order out of confusion, soundness out of discredit, prosperity out of decay, and in a word made the Fair of 1873 what we all remember it to be, a credit to the State, and a source of pride to its people.

We have no intimation of anything to the contrary, but it accords with the general idea of human nature that there should be those ready to aspire to command when order has been restored; to reap the fruits of a prosperity secured by the labors and sacrifices of another. Col. Holt has done too much to be thrust unceremoniously aside. He should be permitted to enjoy some of the pleasures, as well as to have suffered the discomforts of, his position. Let him enjoy placidly the works of his own hands restored to prosperity through many a long hour of toil and painful anxiety. His has been the labor and the responsibility. Let his reward be the full recognition of his services and his continuance in his position.

There were present at the Court at Graham, the following gentlemen: Messrs. Gorrell, Morehead, Gilmer, Scott, Tourgee and Scales of Greensboro, Dickey of Yanceyville, Fuller of Raleigh, Webb and Graham of Hillsboro, and Parker, S. H. Webb, Bason, Graham, and Boyd of Alamance.

Judge Tourgee, late incumbent, was present at the Court, and we presume will be a regular practitioner in this circuit.

Grass Hoppers.

We learn that these pests are very abundant and voracious upon the farm of Mr D. C. Kerr of Alamance. They eat everything that comes in their way, and are so numerous and destructive that Mr. Kerr is seriously meditating whether he will sow wheat this fall or not.

These insects are not of the Kansas variety, and there need be no apprehension of their spreading their ravages.

The Cotton Crop.

We are glad to learn from Mr. C. W. Johnson, one of the best farmers in the vicinity of Chapel Hill, that the cotton in his section of the county has not been at all affected by the rust, and still presents an uncommonly healthy and promising appearance. The corn crop also in that section is very excellent, and may now be regarded as made.

Committed.

A man by the name of Perkins, recently discharged from the Penitentiary of Indiana at the request of citizens of Chapel Hill, was brought here on Monday and committed to jail charged with stealing books, carpeting and the portrait of Dr. Caldwell from the Philanthropic library. We learn that the portrait was a good deal injured, for which we cannot readily forgive the thief.

Legislative Manual.

We have received from Alfred Williams Raleigh, who has the book for sale (see Ad) a copy of the Legislative Manual and Political Register of the State of North Carolina, by John H. Wheeler, late Treasurer of the State. The book will be of great value to politicians, statisticians and others before whom names, dates and facts are arrayed with great clearness.

The Wilmington *Journal and Star* both mention the singular presence of quite a large snake found in a cabbage which a lady had bought in market, and which was not discovered until the vegetable was about to be cooked. The snake had evidently grown with the cabbage, having early made its home in it, and prevented from escape by the increasing size of the plant.

Col. W. H. Avera, late Senator from Johnston, will remove his residence to Hillsborough, Nash county.—*Star.*

The *News* says that the Judgment against T. F. Lee and securities to recover $3,500 due the School Fund of Wake county was fully satisfied on Wednesday last, the full amount being paid to Sheriff T. H. Hughes of Orange co.

The *News* says the Ordnance Department at Washington has notified Adj't General Gorman that $45,000 worth of arms would be furnished him for the use of the militia of the State.

The tobacco crop in Person, Orange, Granville and Caswell will not be over two-fifths of what it was last year.—*Torch Light.*

The President of the Lazy Club, is absent from the city. A meeting of the club has been held, and he expelled, for having energy enough to get out of town.—*Observer.*

Col. Pool will soon establish his journal in Raleigh, Our Living and Our Dead.

The crop prospects in this section continue to be of the most encouraging character. Indeed, the grain and cotton crops throughout the State are generally considerably above the average.—Wil. *Journal.*

The authorities are considering the propriety of putting down new carpeting in the Legislature halls at the Capitol. We hope they concluded to do so as this improvement is sadly needed. The old carpeting of the hall of the House is completely worn out.—*News.*

The funeral sermon of the Siamese Twins was preached by Elder William Turner, at White Plains Meeting House, four miles south of Mt. Airy on Sunday, 9th inst. A very large number of people, and many from a considerable distance attended the service.—*Salem Press.*

We are informed that a child was born in this county, without legs or arms, that it is now two months old and well and hearty.—*Vindicator and Watchman.*

We just discovered how the Raleigh *News* keeps ahead of us all. It is due to the *go-aheadativeness* of its localizer. Last week, as the eastern bound train came into Hickory, with the news from the West, there sat Woodson, on the cow-catcher and *leaning forward.*—*Piedmont Press.*

The Junior of the *Torch-Light* is in old Virginia.

There are 145 Grangers in the State.

Charlotte is to have a Masonic Temple.

Mr John Payne of Alexander county was bitten by a copper-head snake a few days ago, and died in a few hours. He was stacking straw in his barn, in his bare feet, and was bitten on the great toe.

The *News* says that the rust has made its appearance in the Neuse section of Wake county, and the cotton has already materially suffered.

The *News* says the contract for the stone for the new Post office building has been awarded to M. A. McGowan & Co of Washington city, for $67,708,50. The entire building from foundation to turret, will be of granite and most probably of North Carolina stone.

A colored woman, living a short distance from town in this county gave birth to three fifteen amendment last Friday. At last accounts they were all doing as well as could be expected.—*Carolina Watchman.*

Durham Tobacco *Plant* says that one Jim Barker attempted to commit suicide in that place on Thursday last by swallowing two ounces of laudanum. He was saved with difficulty, and went home a wiser and a sobered man.

A Large Volume would not contain the mass of testimony which has accumulated in favor of Dr. Wister's Balsam of Wild Cherry as a safe, efficient, and reliable remedy in curing coughs, colds and pulmonary diseases. Many of the cures are truly wonderful.

DIED

In this county on the morning of the 19th inst, Mr. Wm. Pickett, in the 53rd year of his age.

PARKS IS PAYING 20 CENTS CASH and 25 in BARTER for Bright Peeled Peaches. This and CHEAP GOODS.

Account for the rush. aug. 26 tf

Finest Family Teas Imported.

IMPERIAL, GUNPOWDER,

YOUNG HYSON.

NATURAL JAPAN

and OOLONGS.

We have a large stock of choice Teas and offer them at the recent decline in prices.

CHAS. D. MYERS & CO.

5 & 7 North Front St.

FRESH ROASTED,

FRESH GROUND JAVA and LAGUAYRA COFFEE.

Old Government Java, Choice Laguayra and Rio Coffees.

CHAS. D. MYERS & CO.

aug. 28 7 North Front Street.

THEODORICK A. WILLIAMS. JOHN E. WILLIAMS. W. C. WILKINSON.

T. A. WILLIAMS & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS AND

Commission Merchants,

Nos. 2 and 4 Roanoke Square, corner Roanoke Dock,

aug. 26 1y. NORFOLK, VA.

Hillsborough Recorder.

WEDNESDAY SEPT. 9 1874.

THE RECORDER.

IS PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY, BY

J. D. CAMERON.

At $2 00 per annum, or $1 00 for six months—in variably in advance.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

Advertisements conspicuously inserted at $1 a square for the first insertion and 50 cents a square for each additional week. Ten lines or less make a square.

RATES BY SPECIAL CONTRACT.

1 square 3 months $3—6 months $5—12 months $15
2 " " $5—6 " $10—12 " $20
3 " " $7—6 " $20—12 " $30
Half column 3 months $12—6 " $20—12 " $40
1 column 3 months $20—6 " $35—12 " $60

THE

ATLANTIC HOTEL.

BEAUFORT, N. C.

REMODELLED and REFITTED by its present owner,

Robert D. Graham, Esq.

Of Nash and Edgecombe County, North Carolina, is now open for the reception of Guests,

FOR THE SEASON OF 1874 UNDER A NEW Management

This Hotel is beautifully situated immediately over the waters of the Harbor, with a fine view of Fort Macon, Old Topsail Inlet and the Atlantic Ocean. The Tide flows gracefully under the Building, thereby promoting cleanliness and coolness, while owing to the almost incessant breezes flies and mosquitoes are rarely seen. This is the only Hotel so favorably situated

ON THE

ATLANTIC OCEAN.

The Building is so constructed as to render it peculiarly desirable to those seeking

HEALTH & PLEASURE.

THE ROOMS

Are commodious and accessible to the sea breeze with piazzas on the Sea-front, and delightful plank walks, free from sand and dust, for the enjoyment of pedestrians.

BATHING HOUSES,

Neatly fitted out on an improved plan, are attached to the Hotel, where guests can enjoy the refreshing sea-bath, and learn the art of swimming.

The Surf

Is one of the most attractive features of this Justly Celebrated Summer Resort,

And former patrons will recognize a decided improvement in the

COMMODIOUS DRESSING ROOMS,

conveniently located upon the beach.

THE BALL ROOM

Has been constructed over the water, on the Seafront of the Hotel, having a suspension roof 50 by 75 feet over it, 40 feet high, and a splendid view of the Bay Room is had from the Piazza or Galleries.

The Ball Room will be lighted with Silvered Mica Reflecting Chandeliers.

An expert corps of Musicians, including a Brassand String Band, will be in readiness during the season to give zest and pleasure to the fleeting hours.

☞ A First-Class Bar, Billiard Room, Bowling Alleys, and a Shooting Gallery, is attached to the Hotel. ☜

Yachts and Row Boats for Hunting and Fishing Parties

Fast sailing, and well manned, can be had at any time to convey persons to such points as is desired.

A CROQUET GROUND

Has been arranged for the use of the Guests of the Hotel, where all who delight in this healthy and healthful game may do so.

FREE OF CHARGE.

THE TABLE

Will be supplied with every article to be found at the first-class Hotels of the interior, besides Oysters, Escollops, Soft Crabs, Sea Turtle, Terrapin, Lobsters, and every variety of Fish abounding in the prolific waters of the Harbor and Ocean.

An abundant supply of ICE has been provided which will be Furnished our Guests free of charge.

The subscriber having had much experience (at home and abroad) in Hotel keeping, and aided by competent and courteous Assistants, flatters himself by strict attention to business, and with a corps of well trained and obliging servants at his command he will be able to give entire satisfaction to all who may patronize him.

TERMS.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Per day, | $2 50. | Two Weeks, | $25,00 |
| One Week, | 15,00, | Three Weeks, | 35,00 |
| Four Weeks | 45,00 | Calendar Mo. | 45,00 |

Children and servants, half price. Special arrangements with Families and Excursionists.

All business Communications should be addressed to

GEO. W. CHARLOTTE,
June 10. Proprietor.

PRATT'S ASTRAL OIL

Absolutely safe. Perfectly odorless. Always uniform. Illuminating qualities superior to gas. Burns in any lamp without danger of exploding or taking fire. Manufactured expressly to displace the use of volatile and dangerous oils. Its safety under every possible test, and its perfect burning condition, are proved by its continued use in over 200,000 families.

Millions of gallons have been sold and no accident—directly or indirectly—has ever occurred from burning, storing or handling it.

The Insurance Companies and Fire Commissioners throughout the country recommend the adoption of the best safeguard when lamps are used. Send for circular. For sale at retail by the trade generally, and at wholesale by the proprietors, CHAS. PRATT & CO., 108, Fulton Street, New York.

GEORGE PACE & CO.,

Manufacturers of

PATENT PORTABLE CIRCULAR

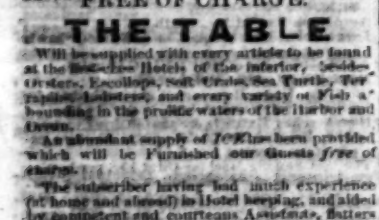
SAW MILLS,

ALSO STATIONARY & PORTABLE

STEAM ENGINES,

No. 5 W. Schroeder St.

BALTIMORE, MD.



Grist Mills, Lobe's Turbine Water Wheels, Wood Working Machinery of all kinds, &c. Machinists' supplies.

SEND FOR CATALOGUES.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Terms free. GEO. STINSON & CO., Portland, Me.

MOST EXTRAORDINARY

Person in Advertising any offer for Newspapers in the

NORTH CAROLINA!

need for list of papers and schedule of rates. Address

Geo. P. Rowell & Co,
ADVERTISING AGENTS,
No. 31 Park Row, New York.
Refer to Editor of this Paper.

GEO. P. ROWELL & CO.

conduct an Agency for the reception of advertisements for American Newspapers—the most complete establishment of the kind in the world—one thousand Newspapers are kept regularly on file, open to inspection of customers. Every ADVERTISEMENT is taken at the home price of the paper, without any additional charge or commission. An advertiser, in dealing with the Agency, is saved trouble and correspondence, making one contract instead of a dozen, a hundred or a thousand. A BOOK of eighty pages, containing lists of best papers, largest circulations, religious, agricultural, class, political daily and country papers, and all publications which are specially valuable to advertisers, with much information about prices, is sent FREE to any address on application. Persons at a distance wishing to make contracts for advertising in any town, city, county, State or Territory in the United States, or any portion of the Dominion of Canada, may send a concise statement of what they want, together with a copy of the ADVERTISEMENT they desire inserted, and will receive information by return mail which will enable them to decide whether to increase or reduce the order. For such information there is no charge. Orders are taken for a single paper as well as for a list; for a single dollar as readily as for a larger sum. Office Times Building,

41 Park Row, N. Y.

ONE BOX

A

PERFECT CURE

FOR

CHILLS AND FEVER,

PERFECT PREVENTIVE

OF

CHILLS AND FEVER.

NO QUININE! NO MERCURY! NO ARSENIC!

DR. BELLAMY'S PILLS.

THIS invaluable medicine involves a PERFECTLY NEW TREATMENT of

CHILLS AND FEVER,

and will effectually cure and root out the disease from the system.

1. All other remedies must not be taken when the chill and fever fit is on; but the 'Bellamy' Pill can be taken just as safely when the fit is actually on as at any other time. Taken once a week during the season of CHILLS and FEVER, they will POSITIVELY ward off and prevent an ATTACK—making a residence in the most infected districts perfectly safe.

2. The 'Bellamy' Pill is also a sure remedy in all cases of *Intermittent Fever, Remittent Fever, Sick Headache, Indigestion, and Liver Complaints* of all kinds.

3. After you are entirely discouraged and hopeless and all other remedies have failed, make one more trial, procure one Box of Bellamy's Pills and take them. The proprietor guarantees you an absolute and perfect cure.

Reference is made to the extraordinary cure of Professor Lawrence, Principal of the Institutes of Elocution at New York and Philadelphia. He says as follows:

"About ten years ago, while residing in New Jersey, I had a violent attack of chills and fever. The chill would come on regularly about ten o'clock, and continue about two hours, followed by a burning fever for more than five hours which no medicine would relieve, and I became so weak that I could hardly walk across the room, and could not ascend one flight of stairs in less time than ten minutes. My life became a burden to me. I loathed every kind of food, and even water tasted to me like copperas. I could get no refreshing sleep either by night or day; the medicines prescribed for me by physicians gave me no relief, and I was fast sinking into the grave. One day a lady persuaded me to purchase a box of Bellamy's Pills. I took three at twelve o'clock noon, and three at night. After taking the two doses I felt better and that night, for the first time in three months, slept for fully eight hours. The next morning I felt much better, and took three more pills. As ten o'clock approached I prepared myself for my daily chill, but to my intense joy my unwelcome visit or did not come; and after eating a hearty dinner at one o'clock, I took three more pills, and at night three more. The next morning, after a delightful night's rest, I arose at seven o'clock, feeling quite well; and although still very weak, yet I was able to enjoy my food, and whether eating or drinking, everything tasted sweet and pleasant to me. In about seven days time I was strong enough to walk four miles, and felt perfectly cured. Ten years have elapsed since then, and I have never had another attack of Chills and Fever.

P. LAWRENCE,
New York Conservatory of Music,
5 East 16th Street."

In conclusion, the proprietor is only to state that he will guarantee to cure any case of CHILLS and Fever. No FEE will ever in such case be exacted. The patient is at liberty to pay or not. All that is desired is that he will forward a certificate of his cure at an early date.

☞ PRICE, $1 per box.

Sold by all Druggists throughout the States and Territories.

Sent by mail to any address on receipt of price.

Address DR. BELLAMY'S,
Chill and Fever Cure,
aug. 12 1y. 23 Dey Street, N. Y.

THE

The North Carolina Home

INSURANCE CO.

OF

RALEIGH, N. C.

Insures Dwellings, Stores, Merchandise,

AND

All Classes of Insurable Property,

AGAINST

Loss or Damage by Fire, on the most Favorable Terms.

Its Stockholders are Southern interested in building up North Carolina Institutions, and among them are many of the prominent business and financial men of the State.

All Losses Promptly Adjusted and Paid.

This Company has, already, during the three years of its existence, paid a large amount of Losses, yet its assets are steadily increasing.

It appeals with confidence to the Insurers of Property in North Carolina.

Encourage Home Institutions

R. H. BATTLE, Jr., President.
C. B. ROOT, Vice President.
SEATON GALES, Sec'y.
P. COWPER, Supervisor.

HAMILTON & GRAHAM, Local Agents.
may 27 tim. Hillsboro, N. C.

Dr. D. A. Robertson.

Surgeon Dentist.

Office over C. M. Parks' store,

WILL visit Chapel Hill on the fourth Monday of every month.

Having moved to Greensboro, he will return and spend the fourth week of each quarter at his office in Hillsboro, and will remain the following week if necessary.

My office in Hillsboro, will be kept open, by Dr. MARSHALL CAMERON, who is competent to perform all operations. Jan. 4

THE BANK OF MECKLENBURG,

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Authorized Capital $500,000.

JAS. TURNER TATE, President.
THOS. W. DEWEY, Cashier.
F. H. DEWEY, Ass't. Cashier.

AT THE BANKING HOUSE OF

TATE & DEWEY

THIS Bank Chartered under Act of the General Assembly and duly organized under laws of the State of North Carolina, with ample means, is prepared to transact

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS,

and furnish accommodations to all Customers on

LIBERAL TERMS.

The Bank will receive Deposits subject to check and will

Allow Interest According to Agreement,

on all Deposits left on time, or issue Certificates of Deposit bearing interest at the rate of

Eight per Cent per Annum,

on all sums lying undrawn over thirty days.

Gold and Silver Coin, Bullion and old Bank Notes Bought and Sold.

THOS. W. DEWEY,
Jan 1874, 1y. Cashier.

J E SCHOOLFIELD, & Co.

DEALERS IN

HARDWARE, CUTLERY,

Cooking Stoves, Wagon and Buggy Material.

DANVILLE, VA.

☞ Peyton's old stand opposite Hickson and Tynch. Jan. 8 '74. 1y.

WILLIAM R. PUGH,

Gen. Commission Merchant

FOR THE SALE OF

Leaf-Tobacco Wheat Flour &c.

1303 Cary Street, Columbian Block,

RICHMOND, VA.

(Established in 1854.) March 4 6m

OSWEGO

SILVER GLOSS STARCH,

For the Laundry.

MANUFACTURED BY

T. KINGSFORD & SON.

HAS BECOME A

HOUSEHOLD NECESSITY.

Its great excellence has merited the commendation of Europe for American Manufacture.

PULVERIZED CORN STARCH

PREPARED BY

T. KINGSFORD & SON,

Expressly for food, when it is properly made into Puddings, is a desert of great excellence.

☞ For Sale by all First-class Grocers. apr. 19.

W. E. ANDERSON, President. P. S. WILEY, Cashier.

Citizens' National Bank

OF

RALEIGH, N. C.

Authorized Capital, $500,000.

DEAL IN

Government and other Securities.

Nov. 14. 6m

John Armstrong.

No. 1 Fayetteville Street,

Raleigh N. C.

BOOK BINDER

AND

Blank Book Manufacturer

NEWSPAPERS, Magazines and Law Books of every description bound in the very best style and lowest Prices. Jan 7 1y.

$15,00.

Is it Possible

THAT

L. L. EMMETT & Co.,

OFFER to sell a good FAMILY SEWING MACHINE, (that will do as fine and as wide a range of work as our machine) for $15, the price of WIRE TABLE alone? We SELL TABLE and Machine without top, all finished, All for $15 DOLLARS. Is it not possible, let's see. If you are convinced of it, send for a Circular, Price List, &c.

The Manufacturers do not hesitate to challenge the world to produce a better, or even as good a machine for the money.

Extra inducements offered Agents to sell this wonderful INVENTION, the

"Eureka Sewing Machine"

and table for $15. $5,000 a year income guaranteed by us to those smart and active.

Send for sample machine, Illustrated Circular, containing cuts of MACHINE and TABLE, without packages, &c.

L. L. EMMETT & CO., Gen'l Ag'ts.
Brooklyn, N. Y., Box 44.
Principal Office, Fulton St., Brooklyn.
Please state what paper you saw this advertisement in.

Greatest Wonder of the 19th Century for $15.00. A Eureka Sewing Machine with Table for

$10 to $20 per day. Agents wanted everywhere. Particulars free. A. H. BLAIR, & Co., St. Louis, Mo.

R. R. R.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

CURES THE WORST PAINS

In from One to Twenty Minutes.

NOT ONE HOUR

after reading this advertisement need any one SUFFER WITH PAIN.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF IS A CURE FOR EVERY PAIN.

It was the first and is

The Only Pain Remedy

that instantly stops the most excruciating pains, allays inflammations, and cures Congestions, whether of the Lungs, Stomach, Bowels, or other glands or organs, by one application.

IN FROM ONE TO TWENTY MINUTES,

no matter how violent or excruciating the pain the RHEUMATIC, Bed-ridden, Infirm, Crippled, Nervous, Paralytic, or prostrated with disease may suffer,

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

WILL AFFORD INSTANT EASE.

INFLAMMATION OF THE KIDNEYS,
INFLAMMATION OF THE BLADDER,
INFLAMMATION OF THE BOWELS,
CONGESTION OF THE LUNGS,
SORE THROAT, DIFFICULT BREATHING,
PALPITATION OF THE HEART,
HYSTERICS, CROUP, DIPTHERIA,
HEADACHE, TOOTHACHE, NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM,
COLD CHILLS, AGUE CHILLS,

The application of the Ready Relief to the part or parts where the pain or difficulty exists will afford ease, comfort and rest.

FEVER AND AGUE.

FEVER AND AGUE cured for fifty cents. There is not a remedial agent in this world that will cure Fever and Ague, and all other Malarious, Bilious, Scarlet, Typhoid, Yellow and other Fevers, (aided by RADWAY'S PILLS) so quick as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF. Fifty cents per bottle.

HEALTH! BEAUTY!!

SPEEDY, AND PURE, RICH BLOOD—INCREASE OF FLESH AND WEIGHT—SUGAR SKIN AND BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION SECURED TO ALL.

DR. RADWAY'S

Sarsaparillian Resolvent

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER.

HAS MADE THE MOST ASTONISHING CURES. SO QUICK, SO RAPID ARE THE CHANGES, THE MOST ENORMOUS UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF THIS TRULY WONDERFUL REMEDY, THAT

Every Day an Increase in Flesh and Weight is Seen and Felt.

Every drop of the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT commences to renovate the Blood, Sweat, Urine, Breath and Tissues of the system the moment it is taken, and the reason why it performs such wonderful cures of every form of chronic disease is, that it is the only blood purifier and alterative that can entirely eradicate from the blood all the impurities, poisonous matter, and foreign substances that are within the curative range of the organs of digestion, secretion, nutrition and excretion. Scrofula, Syphilis, Glandular Affections, Cancerous Humors, Tumors, Ulcers, Old Sores, Skin Diseases, Erysipelas, Acne, Black Spots, Worms, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scaldhead, Sores in the Throat, and all mortifying and painful diseases, where Mercury, Iodine, Lead or Arsenic and all mineral poisons, are within the curative range of the wonderful Medicine, and a few days' use will prove to the most skeptical the truth of these statements.

If the patient, daily becoming reduced by the waste and decomposition that is continually progressing, commences taking them, and adheres to the use of the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT, and obeys the plain directions, a CURE is certain to follow, no matter what the nature of the disease may be, or how low the patient may be reduced by it.

Not only does the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT excel all known remedies in the cure of Chronic, Scrofulous, Constitutional and Skin diseases, but is the only positive cure for

Kidney & Bladder Complaints,

Urinary and Womb diseases, Gravel, Diabetes, Dropsy, Dropsy of Water, Incontinence of Urine, Bright's Disease, Albuminuria, and in all cases where there are brick-dust deposits, or the water is thick, cloudy, mixed with substances like the white of an egg, or threads like white silk, or there is a morbid, dark, bilious appearance, and white bone dust deposits, and when there is a prickling, burning sensation when passing water, and pain in the small of the back and along the Loins.

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Perfect Purgative & Regulating Pills

perfectly tasteless, elegantly coated with sweet gum, purge, regulate, purify, cleanse and strengthen. RADWAY'S PILLS, for the cure of all disorders of the stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Headache, Constipation, Costiveness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Bilious Fever, Inflammation of the Bowels, Piles, and all Derangements of the Internal Viscera. Warranted to effect a positive cure. Purely Vegetable, containing no mercury, minerals or deleterious drugs.

In these Pills will be found the curative properties of all the above named disorders. Price, 25 cents per box. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS.

READ THE "FALSE AND TRUE." Send one letter stamp to RADWAY & CO., No. 32 Warren St., New York, Information worth thousands will be sent you.

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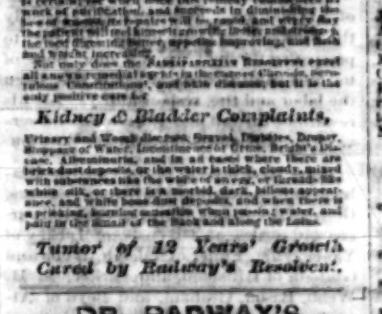

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Sept 23th 1y.

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Nov. 20th 1873 1y.

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PURELY VEGETABLE

DR. J. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA

VINEGAR BITTERS

Dr. J. Walker's California Vinegar Bitters are a purely Vegetable preparation, made chiefly from the native herbs found on the lower ranges of the Sierra Nevada mountains of California, the medicinal properties of which are extracted therefrom without the use of Alcohol. The question is almost daily asked, "What is the cause of the unparalleled success of VINEGAR BITTERS?" Our answer is, that they remove the cause of disease, and the patient recovers his health. They are the great blood purifier and a life-giving principle, a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the system. Never before in the history of the world has a medicine been compounded, possessing the remarkable qualities of VINEGAR BITTERS in healing the sick of every disease man is heir to. They are a gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver and Visceral Organs in Bilious Diseases.

The properties of DR. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS are Aperient, Diaphoretic, Carminative, Nutritious, Laxative, Diuretic, Sedative, Counter-Irritant, Sudorific, Alterative, and Anti-Bilious.

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CAPITAL, $200,000

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Aug. 25 1y.

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THE TABLE will at all times be supplied with the best the Market affords.

The Hungry Traveler can always rely on getting a GOOD MEAL. And ample time given to enjoy the same.

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☞ Office in the Court House. June 9 1lm

Richmond & Danville Richmond & Danville

Piedmont Air Line Richmond & Danville

Short Routes. Quick Time.

Connections from Trains to and from and after Sunday, July 26th, 1874.

GOING NORTH.

| STATIONS. | MAIL. | EXPRESS. |
|---|---|---|
| Leave Charlotte, | 7.45 P. M. | 3.30 P. M. |
| " Air Line Junc'n | 8.15 " | 3.58 " |
| " Salisbury, | 10.44 " | 6.27 " |
| " Greensboro', | 1.19 A. M. | 8.57 " |
| " Danville, | 4.15 " | 11.50 " |
| " Dundee, | 4.30 " | 12.05 P. M. |
| " Burkeville, | 11.20 " | 6.30 " |
| Arr. at Richmond, | 12.30 P. M. | 7.40 " |

GOING SOUTH.

| STATIONS. | MAIL. | |
|---|---|---|
| Leave Richmond, | 8.45 A. M. | |
| " Burkeville, | 9.55 " | |
| " Danville, | 5.30 " | |
| " Greensboro', | 10.00 " | |
| " Salisbury, | 2.30 P. M. | |
| " Air Line Junc'n | 4.55 " | |
| Ar. at Charlotte, | 5.30 " | |

GOING EAST. GOING WEST.

| STATIONS. | | |
|---|---|---|
| Leave Greensboro' | 4.45 P. M. | Leave 10.00 A. M. |
| " Co. Shops | 5.40 " | " 9.05 " |
| " Hillsboro, | 6.10 " | " 8.35 " |
| " Raleigh, | 8.30 " | " 6.15 " |
| Ar. at Goldsboro' | 10.30 " | Ar. at 3.30 P. M. |

NORTH WESTERN N. C. R. R.

SALEM BRANCH.

| STATIONS. | MAIL. | EXPRESS. |
|---|---|---|
| Leave Greensboro, | 5.00 P. M. | 3.30 P. M. |
| Arrive at Salem, | 7.30 " | 6.00 " |
| Leave Salem, | 8.00 A. M. | 6.30 " |
| Arrive at Greensboro, | 10.30 " | 9.00 " |

Passengers from leaving Raleigh at 8.41 P. M. connect at Greensboro with the Northern through train; and by the same train from Salem connect at Greensboro with all trains for all cities. Price of Tickets same as other routes.

Trains to and from point East of Greensboro connect at Greensboro with Mail Trains to or from points North or South.

Trains daily both ways.

On Sundays Lynchburg Accommodation leave Richmond at 9.40 a. m., arrive at Burkeville 11.45 a. m., leave Burkeville 4.45 p. m., arrive at Richmond 7.20 p. m.

Pullman Palace cars on all night trains between Charlotte and Richmond, (without change.)

Papers that have arrangements to advertise the schedule of this company will please print as above.

For further information address

S. E. ALLEN, Gen'l Ticket Agent
Greensboro, N. C.

T. M. R. TALCOTT,
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This line is well built, thoroughly equipped with every modern improvement, including Pullman and Westinghouse Day Coaches, Pullman Sleeping Cars, Westinghouse Air Brakes, Miller's Patent safety Platforms and couplers; and nowhere else can the passenger so surely depend on a speedy, safe and comfortable journey.

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District E.) Feb. 11y.

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CONSUMPTION

which can be cured by a timely resort to this standard preparation, as has been proved by the hundreds of testimonials received by the proprietors. It is acknowledged by many prominent physicians to be the most reliable preparation ever introduced for the relief and cure of all Lung complaints, and is offered to the public sanctioned by the experience of over forty years. When resorted to in season it seldom fails to effect a speedy cure in the most severe cases of Coughs, Bronchitis, Croup, Whooping Cough, Influenza, Asthma, Colds, Sore Throat, Pains or Soreness in the Chest and Side, Liver Complaint, Bleeding at the Lungs, &c. Wistar's Balsam does not dry up a Cough, and leave the cause behind, as is the case with most preparations, but it loosens and cleanses the lungs, and allays irritation, thus removing the cause of the complaint.

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